

#### Quarter 3

**Statistics** 

Quai	rter 1	Quar	ter 2	Quai	rter 3	Quar	ter 4
The Nature and Statisti Distribution Data Descri	of Probability cs, Frequency is and Graphs, ption	Probability a Rules, Discr Distributions Distribution	nd Counting ete Probability s, The Normal	Normal Dist Confidence Sample Size Testing	tributions, Intervals and e, Hypothesis	Testing the Between Tw Proportions Variances, ( Square Test and Regres	Difference /o Means, Two , and Two Other Chi- ts, Correlation sion
August October	6 2018 – r 5, 2018	October 15, 2018 20	8 – December 19, 18	January March	7, 2019 – 8, 2019	March 1 May 23	18, 2019 – 3, 2019
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S.ID.A.5	S.IC.B.9	S.CP.B.5		S.IC.A.7		S.MD.A.8	
S.ID.A.6	S.IC.B.10	S.MD.A.1		S.IC.C.14		S.IC.B.12	
S.ID.A.7	S.IC.B.11	S.MD.A.2		S.IC.D.15			
S.ID.A.8	S.IC.C.13	S.MD.A.3		S.IC.D.16			
S.ID.A.9		S.MD.A.4		S.IC.D.17			
S.MD.B.9		S.MD.A.5		S.IC.E.18			
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S.IC.A.2		S.MD.A.8					



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#### Introduction

Destination 2025, Shelby County Schools' 10-year strategic plan, is designed not only to improve the quality of public education, but also to create a more knowledgeable, productive workforce and ultimately benefit our entire community.

#### What will success look like?



In order to achieve these ambitious goals, we must collectively work to provide our students with high quality, college and career ready aligned instruction. The Tennessee State Standards provide a common set of expectations for what students will know and be able to do at the end of a grade. The State of Tennessee provides two sets of standards, which include the Standards for Mathematical Content and The Standards for Mathematical Practice. The Content Standards set high expectations for all students to ensure that Tennessee graduates are prepared to meet the rigorous demands of mathematical understanding for college and career. The eight Standards for Mathematical Practice describe the varieties of expertise, habits of mind, and productive dispositions that educators seek to develop in all students. The Tennessee State Standards also represent three fundamental shifts in mathematics instruction: **focus, coherence and rigor**.

# **Instructional Shifts for Mathematics**





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The **Standards for Mathematical Practice** describe varieties of expertise, habits of minds and productive dispositions that mathematics educators at all levels should seek to develop in their students. These practices rest on important National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM) "processes and proficiencies" with longstanding importance in mathematics education. Throughout the year, students should continue to develop proficiency with the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice. The following are the eight Standards for Mathematical Practice:

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of them.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

This curriculum map is designed to help teachers make effective decisions about what mathematical content to teach so that ultimately our students can reach Destination 2025. Throughout this curriculum map, you will see resources as well as links to tasks that will support you in ensuring that students are able to reach the demands of the standards in your classroom. In addition to the resources embedded in the map, there are some high-leverage resources around the content standards and mathematical practice standards that teachers should consistently access. For a full description of each, click on the links below.





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# Structure of the Standards

Structure of the TN State Standards include:

- Content Standards Statements of what a student should know, understand, and be able to do.
- **Clusters** Groups of related standards. Cluster headings may be considered as the big idea(s) that the group of standards they represent are addressing. They are therefore useful as a quick summary of the progression of ideas that the standards in a domain are covering and can help teachers to determine the focus of the standards they are teaching.
- **Domains** A large category of mathematics that the clusters and their respective content standards delineate and address. For example, Number and Operations Fractions is a domain under which there are a number of clusters (the big ideas that will be addressed) along with their respective content standards, which give the specifics of what the student should know, understand, and be able to do when working with fractions.
- **Conceptual Categories** The content standards, clusters, and domains in the 9th-12th grades are further organized under conceptual categories. These are very broad categories of mathematical thought and lend themselves to the organization of high school course work. For example, Algebra is a conceptual category in the high school standards under which are domains such as Seeing Structure in Expressions, Creating Equations, Arithmetic with Polynomials and Rational Expressions, etc.





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# How to Use the Maps

#### Overview

An overview is provided for each quarter and includes the topics, focus standards, intended rigor of the standards and foundational skills needed for success of those standards.

Your curriculum map contains four columns that each highlight specific instructional components. Use the details below as a guide for information included in each column.

#### **Tennessee State Standards**

TN State Standards are located in the left column. Each content standard is identified as Major Content or Supporting Content (for Algebra I, Algebra II & Geometry only). A key can be found at the bottom of the map.

#### Content

This section contains learning objectives based upon the TN State Standards. Best practices tell us that clearly communicating measurable objectives lead to greater student understanding. Additionally, essential questions are provided to guide student exploration and inquiry.

#### **Instructional Support & Resources**

District and web-based resources have been provided in the Instructional Support & Resources columns. You will find a variety of instructional resources that align with the content standards. The additional resources provided should be used as needed for content support and scaffolding. The inclusion of vocabulary serves as a resource for teacher planning and for building a common language across K-12 mathematics. One of the goals for Tennessee State Standards is to create a common language, and the expectation is that teachers will embed this language throughout their daily lessons.

Tennessee Academic Standards for Mathematics

SCS 2018/2019 Revised 5/22/18 5 of 17



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# **Topics Addressed in Quarter**

- Normal Distributions
- Confidence Intervals and Sample Size
- Hypothesis Testing

# Overview

In this quarter students finish their study of normal distributions and continue to have the opportunity to apply concepts of probability and statistics to real-world situations. Students determine confidence intervals to begin to hypothesize if a large enough sample size has been taken to closely reflect the true mean of the population. Students classify the type of errors that can occur during experiments and will be able to make decisions on the hypothesis based on their own analysis of the data. Students will also be exposed to the level of significance and how this affects a decision to accept or deny a hypothesis.

TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	CONTENT INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT & RESOURCES				
Chapter 6 (Sections 3 & 4) Normal Distributions (Allow approximately 2 weeks for instruction, review, and assessment)						
<b>Domain</b> : Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions <b>Cluster</b> : Know the characteristics of well- designed studies.	<ul> <li>Essential Question(s):</li> <li>How do all normal distributions relate to each other?</li> <li>How can we find examples of normal</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman) 6-3 Central Limit Theorem	Vocabulary (Sections 6-3 & 6-4) sampling distribution of sample means, Sampling error, standard error of the mean, central limit theorem, correction for continuity			
S.IC.A.6 Describe the sampling distribution of a statistic and define the standard error of a statistic. S.IC.A.7 Demonstrate an understanding of the Central Limit Theorem	distribution in real world scenarios? <b>Objective(s)</b> The student will:	Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.)	<i>Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman)</i> <i>Statistics Today</i> , p. 350 <i>Critical Thinking Challenges</i> , p. 352			
<b>Domain:</b> Using Probability to Make Decisions <b>Cluster:</b> Understand the normal probability	Use the Central Limit Theorem to solve problems involving sample means for large samples.	Khan Academy: Central Limit Theorem STatistics Education Web: Who Sends the Most Text Messages (This lesson provides an informal introduction to concepts surrounding	Applying the Concepts, pp. 338, 346 Extending the Concepts, pp.340, 347 Data Projects, p. 397			



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TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUP	PORT & RESOURCES
distribution. <u>S.MD.B.10</u> Use the mean and standard deviation of a data set to fit it to a normal distribution and to estimate population percentages. Recognize that there are data sets for which such a procedure is not appropriate. Use calculators, spreadsheets, and tables to estimate areas under the normal curve.		the Central Limit Theorem.) <b>Task(s)</b> <u>Statistics - Cents &amp; Central Limit Theorem</u> <u>Statistics Applet-Sampling Distributions</u> <u>Accelerated GSE Pre-Calculus Tasks: Unit 8:</u> <u>Inferences &amp; Conclusions from Data</u> <u>Colors of Skittles, p. 120</u> <u>Pennies, p.142</u> <u>The Gettysburg's Address, p. 156</u>	
<ul> <li>Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions</li> <li>Cluster: Understand and use discrete probability distributions.</li> <li><u>S.MD.A.6</u> Develop a probability distribution for a random variable defined for a sample space in which theoretical probabilities can be calculated; find the expected value.</li> <li>Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions</li> <li>Cluster: Understand the normal probability distribution.</li> <li><u>S.MD.B.10</u> Use the mean and standard deviation of a data set to fit it to a normal distribution and to estimate population percentages. Recognize that there are data sets for which such a procedure is not appropriate. Use calculators, spreadsheets, and tables to estimate areas under the normal curve.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Essential Question(s):</li> <li>How do all Normal distributions relate to each other?</li> <li>How can we find examples of normal distribution in real world scenarios?</li> <li>Objective(s) The student will:</li> <li>Use the normal approximation to compute probabilities for a binomial variable</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman) 6-4 The Normal Approximation to the Binomial Distribution Additional Resource(s) Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons: Normal Curves Against All Odds Videos & Lessons: Normal Calculations STatistics Education Web Task(s) Statistics Applet: Normal to Binomial	



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	Chapter 7- Confidence Intervals and Sample Size (Allow approximately 3 weeks for instruction, review, and assessment)					
Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions Cluster: Make inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population. <u>S.IC.C.14</u> Use properties of point estimators, including biased/unbiased, and variability.	<ul> <li>Essential Question(s):</li> <li>How do I interpret the margin of error of a confidence interval?</li> <li>How do I use a margin of error to find a confidence interval?</li> <li>Objective(s) The student will:</li> <li>Find the confidence interval for the mean</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman)         7-1 Confidence Intervals for the Mean When σ is Known         Additional Resource(s)         Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman         (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.)         Against All Odds Videos & Lessons:	Vocabulary (Chapter 7): chi-square distribution, confidence interval, confidence level, consistent estimator, degrees of freedom, estimation, estimator, interval estimate, maximum error of the estimate, point estimate, proportion, relatively efficient, estimator, <i>t</i> distribution, unbiased estimator <i>Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman)</i> <i>Statistics Today</i> , pp. 356, 395			
Conclusions Cluster: Understand and use confidence intervals. S.IC.D.15 Understand the meaning of confidence level, of confidence intervals, and the properties of confidence intervals. S.IC.D.16 Construct and interpret a large sample confidence interval for a proportion and for a difference between two proportions. S.IC.D.17 Construct the confidence interval for a mean and for a difference between two means.	<ul> <li>when σ is known and sample size is large.</li> <li>Determine the minimum sample size for fining a confidence interval for the mean.</li> </ul>	Confidence Intervals Khan Academy: Confidence Intervals Task(s) Statistics- Confidence Interval	Critical Thinking Challenges, p. 397 Speaking of Statistics, pp. 381, 385 Applying the Concepts, pp. 365, 373, 381, 390 Extending the Concepts, pp. 375, 383, 391 Data Projects, p. 397 TI-83/84 Step by Step, pp. 368, 376, 384, 391			
Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions Cluster: Understand and use discrete probability distributions. <u>S.MD.A.8</u> Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game).						



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TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUP	PORT & RESOURCES
<ul> <li>Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions</li> <li>Cluster: Use distributions to make inferences about a data set.</li> <li>S.IC.E.20 Interpret the t-distribution and determine the appropriate degrees of freedom.</li> <li>Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions</li> <li>Cluster: Make inferences and justify</li> </ul>			
conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies (CCSS) <u>S.IC.B.4</u> Use data from a sample survey to estimate a population mean or proportion; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation models for random sampling.			
<b>Domain</b> : Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions	Objective(s) The student will:	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman)	
<b>Cluster:</b> Understand and use confidence intervals.	- Find the confidence interval for the mean when $\sigma$ is unknown and sample size is	is Unknown	
<b>S.IC.D.15</b> Understand the meaning of confidence level, of confidence intervals, and the properties of confidence intervals.	small.	Additional Resource(s) Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman	
<b>S.IC.D.16</b> Construct and interpret a large sample confidence interval for a proportion and for a difference between two proportions.		(PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons	
<b><u>S.IC.D.17</u></b> Construct the confidence interval for a mean and for a difference between two means.		Understanding Confidence Intervals Video STatistics Education Web	



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Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions Cluster: Understand and use discrete probability distributions. <u>S.MD.A.8</u> Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game). Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions Cluster: Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies (CCSS) <u>S.IC.B.4</u> Use data from a sample survey to estimate a population mean or proportion; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation models for random campling		Task(s) <u>Statistics- SAT Performance</u> <u>It Creeps. It Crawls. Watch Out For the Blob!</u>	
Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions         Cluster: Understand and use confidence intervals.         S.IC.D.15       Understand the meaning of confidence level, of confidence intervals, and the properties of confidence intervals.         S.IC.D.16       Construct and interpret a large sample confidence between two proportions.         S.IC.D.17       Construct the confidence interval for a difference between two proportions.	<ul> <li>Objective(s) The student will:</li> <li>Find the confidence interval for a proportion.</li> <li>Determine the minimum sample size for finding a confidence interval for a proportion.</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman) 7-3 Confidence Intervals and Sample Size for Proportions Additional Resource(s) Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons STatistics Education Web	



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means.		Task(s)	
<b>Domain:</b> Using Probability to Make Decisions <b>Cluster:</b> Understand and use discrete probability distributions. <u>S.MD.A.8</u> Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game).		Statistics: M&Ms C1 Statistics: M&Ms C12 What Percent of the Continental US is Within One Mile of a Road?	
Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions Cluster: Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies (CCSS) <u>S.IC.B.4</u> Use data from a sample survey to estimate a population mean or proportion; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation models for random sampling			
Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions         Cluster: Understand and use confidence intervals.         S.IC.D.15       Understand the meaning of confidence level, of confidence intervals, and the properties of confidence intervals.         S.IC.D.16       Construct and interpret a large sample confidence interval for a proportion and for a difference between two proportions.         S.IC.D.17       Construct the confidence interval for a difference between two proportions.	<ul> <li>Objective(s) The student will:</li> <li>Find the confidence interval for a variance and a standard deviation using Chi-Square.</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman) 7-4 Confidence Intervals for Variances and Standard Deviations (OPTIONAL) Additional Resource(s) Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons Statistics Education Web	



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a mean and for a difference between two means.		Task(s)	
<b>Domain</b> : Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions		Accelerated GSE Pre-Calculus Tasks: Unit 8: Inferences & Conclusions from Data	
<b>Cluster:</b> Use distributions to make inferences about a data set.		How Confident Are You? p. 177	
<b><u>S.IC.E.18</u></b> Apply the properties of a Chi-square distribution in appropriate situations			
in order to make inferences about a data set.			
Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions			
<b>Cluster:</b> Understand and use discrete probability distributions.			
<u>S.MD.A.8</u> Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product			
testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game).			
<b>Domain</b> : Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions			
<b>Cluster:</b> Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies			
(CCSS) <u>S.IC.B.4</u> Use data from a sample survey to estimate a population mean or proportion; develop a margin of error through the use of simulation models for random sampling.			



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TN STATE STANDARDS CONTENT		INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT & RESOURCES		
	Chapter 8 - Hy	pothesis Testing		
Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions         Cluster: Understand and evaluate random processes underlying statistical experiments         (CCSS) S.IC.A.1 Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population.	<ul> <li>Essential Question(s):</li> <li>How do you use statistical ideas to test assumptions about data?</li> <li>How are results of hypothesis testing used for statistical inference?</li> <li>How do we test the differences between two population parameters?</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman)         8-1 Steps in Hypothesis Testing—Traditional         Method         Additional Resource(s)         Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman         (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions         Manual, etc.)	Vocabulary (Chapter 8): (alpha) alternative, hypothesis (beta) chi- square test, critical or rejection region, critical value, hypothesis testing, left-tailed test, level c significance, noncritical or nonrejection region, null hypothesis, one-tailed test, power of a test, <i>P</i> -value, research hypothesis, right-tailed test, statistical hypothesis, statistical test, test value, <i>t</i> test, two-tailed test, type I error, type II error, <i>z</i> test	
<ul> <li>Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions</li> <li>Cluster: Understand and use discrete probability distributions.</li> <li><u>S.MD.A.8</u> Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Objective(s): The student will:</li> <li>Understand the definitions used in hypothesis testing.</li> <li>State the null and alternative hypotheses.</li> <li>State the five steps used in hypothesis testing.</li> </ul>	Against All Odds Videos & Lessons Khan Academy: Simple Hypothesis Testing STatistics Education Web	<i>Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman)</i> <i>Statistics Today</i> , pp. 400, 465 <i>Critical Thinking Challenges</i> , p. 467 <i>Speaking of Statistics</i> , pp. 414, 433 <i>Applying the Concepts</i> , pp. 412, 421, 433, 441, 453, 460 <i>Extending the Concepts</i> , pp. 424, 443	
<ul> <li>(Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions</li> <li>Cluster: Understand and evaluate random processes underlying statistical experiments</li> <li>(CCSS) <u>S.IC.A.1</u> Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population.</li> <li>Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions</li> <li>Cluster: Use distributions to make inferences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Objective(s):</li> <li>The student will:</li> <li>Test means when σ is known and sample size is large, using a z-test.</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook (Bluman) 8-2 z-Test for a Mean Additional Resource(s) Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons STatistics Education Web	Data Projects, p. 468 TI-83/84 Step by Step, pp. 426, 436, 444, 456	



TN STATE STANDARDS	CONTENT	INSTRUCTIONAL SUP	PORT & RESOURCES
about a data set. S.IC.E.19 Apply the properties of the normal distribution in appropriate situations in order to make inferences about a data set. Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions Cluster: Understand and use discrete probability distributions. S.MD.A.8 Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game).			
(CCSS) <u>S.IC.A.1</u> Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population. Domain: Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions Cluster: Use distributions to make inferences about a data set. <u>S.IC.E.19</u> Apply the properties of the normal distribution in appropriate situations in order to make inferences about a data set.	<ul> <li>The student will:</li> <li>Test means when σ is unknown and sample size is small, using a t-test.</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook 8-3 t-Test for a Mean Additional Resource(s) Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons STatistics Education Web	
Cluster: Understand and use discrete probability distributions. <u>S.MD.A.8</u> Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game).			



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((CCSS) <u>S.IC.A.1</u> Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population.	<ul><li>The student will:</li><li>Test proportions, using a z-test.</li></ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook 8-4 z Test for a Proportion Additional Resource(s)	
<b>Domain</b> : Making Inferences and Justifying Conclusions		Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions	
<b>Cluster:</b> Use distributions to make inferences about a data set.		Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons	
<b>S.IC.E.19</b> Apply the properties of the normal distribution in appropriate situations in order to make inferences about a data set.		STatistics Education Web	
Domain: Using Probability to Make Decisions		Always Feel Like Somebody's Watching Me Part I on Hypothesis Testing	
<b>Cluster:</b> Understand and use discrete probability distributions.			
<u>S.MD.A.8</u> Analyze decisions and strategies using probability concepts (e.g., product			
testing, medical testing, pulling a hockey goalie at the end of a game).			
(CCSS) S.IC.A.1 (See above)	The student will:	Elementary Statistics Textbook	
S.IC.E.19	Test variances or standard deviations     using the chi-square test	8-5 Chi Square Test for a Variance and a	
<u>S.MD.A.8</u>		Additional Resource(s)	
		Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman	
		(PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions	
		Against All Odds Videos & Lessons	
		STatistics Education Web	



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(CCSS) <u>S.IC.A.1</u> (See above) <u>S.IC.E.19</u> <u>S.MD.A.8</u>	<ul> <li>The student will:</li> <li>Explain the relationship between Type I and Type II errors and the power of a test.</li> </ul>	Elementary Statistics Textbook 8-6 Additional Topics Regarding Hypothesis Testing Additional Resource(s) Elementary Statistics 7th edition Bluman (PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.) Against All Odds Videos & Lessons STatistics Education Web Task(s) Statistics- Types of Errors	



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RESOURCE TOOLBOX		
Textbook Resources	Standards	Videos
(PowerPoints, Chapter PDF files, Solutions Manual, etc.)	Common Core Standards - Mathematics Common Core Standards - Mathematics Appendix A The Mathematics Common Core Toolbox Link to common core glossary	Against All Odds Videos (with Study Guides) (A Video Series that introduces a statistical topic and illustrates it with a real- world example) Khan Academy
	TN Math Standards	
Calculator	Interactive Manipulatives	Additional Sites
Texas Instruments Education	Stat Trek	The Data and Story Library
http://www.casioeducation.com/educators	<u>AmStat.org</u>	Fed Stats
	Applet Collection	Bureau of Labor Statistics
		Educational Statistics
		NCTM Math Illuminations
		United States Census Bureau
		STatistics Education Web
		Mathematics Vision Project: Modeling Data
		Georgia Standards of Excellence: Unit 9 Probability
		Georgia Standards of Excellence: Unit 8: Inferences &
		Conclusions from Data
	ACT	
	TN ACT Resources	
	ACT College & Career Readiness Mathematics Standards	